




Celebrate the World


Subject Specific Vocabulary	
Celebration	How people mark an important day or event.
Bonfire Night	Celebrated on 5th November which bonfires and fireworks are lit in memory of the Gunpowder plot.
Remembrance	Marks the day that WW1 ended. On 11th November at 11am everyone remembers those who lost their lives during a 2 minute silence.
Diwali	Celebrated in Hinduism and Sikhism lasting 5 days. The story of Rama and Sita is often told.
Halloween	Celebrated on 31st October where people dress up as characters and eat sweets.
Christmas	A Christian festival celebrating Jesus Christ's birth on 25th December.
Nativity	The story of the birth of Jesus Christ.
Religion	A system of faith, beliefs and worship that people follow with devotion.

Associated Diagram









Sticky Knowledge

There are many different religions and cultures and they all have special times of year and important festivals.

Guy Fawkes came up with the Gunpowder Plot to blow the Houses of Parliament with gunpowder. His plan didn't work and the guards captured him and sent him to prison.

Remembrance day is also known as Poppy day. Poppies are a symbol of all the fallen soldiers from World War 1. Poppies grew in many of the fields where the battles took place.

Diwali is India's biggest and most important holiday of the year. The festival gets its name from the row of clay lamps that people light outside their homes to symbolise the inner light.

Christians celebrate Christmas on 25th December every year. Many attend midnight mass at their local church by singing hymns, then go home to begin celebrations with loved ones. Many people like to decorate their houses with Christmas trees and other decorations and give gifts to loved ones.

There are different places of worship such as Temples, Mandirs and Churches.